At-A-Glance: 10th Grade World History Scope and Sequence

	Essential Historical Question(s)	Content Learning Intentions	Disciplinary Skill Standard Focus
	Semester 1		
*Optional Unit Unit 1: Societies of Faith	What are the similarities and differences between Judaism, Christianity, and Islam and how did these religions shape early world civilizations? How have geographic, economic, and political factors impacted the development of religion?	Analyze the foundations of early monotheistic religions and the outcomes of interactions between different religious societies.	Construct a precise and knowledgeable claim
Unit 2: Kingdoms of Asia and Africa	How did resources and trade influence the rise and decline of early world societies in Asis and Africa? How did regional differences contribute to the development of unique cultural traditions and beliefs?	Explain the positive and negative consequences of cultural interaction and diffusion in Asia and Africa.	Identify effective evidence from multiple sources.
Unit 3: Age of Discovery	What political, economic, and societal conditions allowed the Renaissance and Reformation to flourish? How did ideological conflicts lead to change?	Investigate the impacts of the Renaissance and reformation on the development of European societies. Evaluate the impact of European exploration on Africa, Asia, and Europe.	Gather relevant information from multiple sources representing a wide range of views.
Unit 4: Revolutions	How did new technologies and ideas lead to discoveries and change that transformed western civilizations?	Analyze the distribution and use of power (social, economic, and political), and its results, through various revolutions.	Generate and answer supporting questions.
Unit 5: Industrialization and Imperialism	What were the catalysts of the Industrial Revolution and how did it transform the western world? What were the motivating factors of European Imperialism and what lasting impacts did it have throughout the world?	Examine how industrialization and nationalism led to imperialism and expansion and explore the impacts on societies throughout the world.	Participate in rigorous academic discussions emphasizing multiple viewpoints.
TI to C. E. J.	Semester 2		
Unit 6: Early 20 th Century Conflict	How did WWI change the balance of power in Europe, affect people's attitudes towards other nations, and shape their perceptions of government and conflict resolution?	Describe and evaluate the factors that contributed to and resulted from WWI and growing nationalism.	Construct arguments (claims, evidence, reasoning, counterclaims).
Unit 7: WWII	How did WWII alter the political, economic, and social foundations of societies throughout the world?	Evaluate the political, economic, and social causes and impacts of WWII.	Participate in rigorous academic discussions. (use claims and evidence and build new understandings)
Unit 8: A Changing Globe	How did significant geopolitical events reshape the political and social structure of the globe? How does war and the use of conflict to resolve international disputes impact diplomacy and resolution?	Investigate the impacts of decolonization processes on developing nations and international relations. Explore the impacts of the Cold War and US/Soviet relations and competition.	Present arguments and explanations to a range of audiences (print, oral, and/or digital technologies).
Unit 9: Modern Global Issues	What benefits and challenges have developed because of the varied perspectives, contributions, and challenges created by diverse global societies?	Examine modern global issues and develop real world solutions.	Understand contemporary issues at the local, regional, and global level.

Nevada Academic Content Standards for Social Studies

(Revised September 2018)

World History & Geography (1300-Present)

This content area focuses on World history from approximately the 1300s to modern day. This includes the study of geography, history and culture in global regions, with an emphasis on historical inquiry. Students analyze significant events, individuals, developments and process across the world within this time frame. This content area should be taught from multiple and varied perspectives for a vivid and complex picture of history. The emphasis is global in nature with a multicultural approach, rather than a Eurocentric approach. Teachers are encouraged to facilitate instruction from a chronological as well as thematic approach, avoiding the tendency to teach the content as a checklist of facts. Effective instruction in social studies incorporates both the disciplinary skills and the content themes and requires historical thinking, robust academic discussions, and engaging writing instruction. Suggested topics and concepts to study include, but are not limited to Middle Ages, Renaissance and Reformation, Global Expansion, Rise and Fall of Empires and Kingdoms of the World, Enlightenment and 18th Century Revolutions, Rise of Nationalism, Imperialism, Industrialization, Civil Rights of the 19th Century, WWI, 20th Century Revolutions, Global Depression, WWII, Decolonization, Cold War, Globalization, and Modern Issues.

Disciplinary Skills	Disciplinary Skills Standards	
Constructing	SS.9-12.WH.1. When constructing compelling questions, reference points of agreement and disagreement	
	experts have about	
questions	interpretations and applications of disciplinary concepts and ideas.	
	SS.9-12.WH.2. Generate and answer supporting questions while explaining how they contribute to an inquiry	
questions	and how new	
	compelling and supporting questions emerge through the inquiry process.	
	SS.9-12.WH.3. Gather relevant information from multiple sources representing a wide range of views	
evaluating	while using the origin, authority, structure, context, and corroborative value of the sources to guide the	
sources	selection.	
	SS.9-12.WH.4. Evaluate the credibility of a source by examining how experts value the source.	
	SS.9-12.WH.5. Seek multiple media sources when investigating current issues and evaluate the credibility and	
	reliability of each.	
	SS.9-12.WH.6. Identify evidence that draws information directly and substantively from multiple sources to	
and using	detect inconsistencies in evidence in order to revise or strengthen claims.	
evidence	SS.9-12.WH.7. Refine claims and counterclaims, attending to precision, significance, and knowledge	
	conveyed through the claim while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both.	
Communicating	SS.9-12.WH.8. Construct arguments using precise and knowledgeable claims, with evidence from	
and critiquing	multiple sources, while acknowledging counterclaims and evidentiary weaknesses.	
conclusions	SS.9-12.WH.9. Present adaptations of arguments and explanations that feature complex ideas and diverse	
	perspectives on issues and topics to reach a range of audiences within and outside the classroom, using print, oral, and/or digital technologies.	
	SS.9-12.WH.10. Participate in rigorous academic discussions emphasizing multiple viewpoints in which claims	
	and evidence are acknowledged, critiqued, and built upon in order to create new understandings of complex	
	historical or current issues.	
Taking informed	SS.9-12.WH.11. Use disciplinary and interdisciplinary lenses to understand the characteristics and causes of	
action	contemporary issues at the local, regional, and global level.	
	SS.9-12.WH.12. Apply a range of deliberative and democratic strategies and procedures to make	
	decisions and take action regarding contemporary issues at the local, regional, and global level.	

Content Themes	Grades 9-12: World History & Geography (1300-Present)
Power and politics	SS.9-12.WH.13. Analyze major regime changes across the world based on a variety of factors, including but
(H)	not limited to: goals, tactics, practices, and outcomes.
	SS.9-12.WH.14. Examine occurrences of and reactions to oppression, human rights violations, and genocide.
	SS.9-12.WH.15. Analyze the causes and consequences of the radicalization of individuals and groups.
	SS.9-12.WH.16. Describe the factors that shape group, national, or individual identity, including but not
	limited to: institutions, religion, language, social class, geography, culture, and society.
	SS.9-12.WH.17. Interpret historical events from a variety of historical and cultural perspectives, including
	but not limited to: capitalists vs. laborers, imperialists vs. indigenous groups, positions of power, class,
	race, ethnicity, and gender.
People and ideas (H)	SS.9-12.WH.18. Analyze the influence of social, political, and economic developments on maintaining and
	transforming roles and social status for various groups.
	SS.9-12.WH.19. Analyze the impact of artistic, architectural, scientific, and technological developments on
	events, peoples, and cultures around the world.
	SS.9-12.WH.20. Investigate the evolutions of belief systems, religions, philosophies, and ideologies across
	human societies.
	SS.9-12.WH.21. Describe the attitudes toward and effects of major wars and conflicts across the world.
	SS.9-12.WH.22 . Evaluate the use of conflict and/or diplomacy in regional and/or international relations.
(H)	
Social justice,	SS.9-12.WH.23. Analyze the complex relationship between dominant cultures and minority groups
consciousnes	throughout world history, including but not limited to: causes of (race, ethnicity, gender, nationality, class
s, and action (MC)	and/or religion), reactions to, and long-term effects of oppression.
(IVIC)	SS.9-12.WH.24. Examine the impact of individuals and reform movements in the fight for greater civil rights
Doorootful	and liberties across the world.
	SS.9-12.WH.25. Investigate and apply the successful principles used by groups and nations in order to create communities of respect, equity, and diversity.
	SS.9-12.WH.26. Explore the positive and negative consequences of cultural interaction and diffusion.
(MC)	55.5-12.4VII.20. Explore the positive and negative consequences of cultural interaction and diffusion.
<u> </u>	SS.9-12.WH.27. Interpret the contributions of racially and ethnically diverse leaders to the advancement of our
	world.
	SS.9-12.WH.28. Analyze the intellectual, cultural, religious, and artistic contributions of diverse individuals to our
	modern world.
and ethnic	
backgrounds,	
including, without	
limitation,	
information relating	
to contributions	
and	
impact (MC)	

Content Themes	Grades 9-12: World History & Geography (1300-Present)
Civic and political	SS.9-12.WH.29. Analyze how various political and religious philosophies have influenced government
institutions (C)	institutions and policies.
Civic	SS.9-12.WH.30. Explain the historical background of a current global issue and propose a course of action to
dispositions and	solve it.
democratic	
principles	
(C)	00.0.40 WILL 04. Francisco continuo continuo con destinino afrono con continuo contin
Processes,	SS.9-12.WH.31. Examine various systems, laws, and policies of governance across world history,
rules, and laws	including but not limited to: feudalism, mercantilism, absolutism, fascism, communism, and constitutional democracy.
(C)	SS.9-12.WH.32. Compare the evolution of different political and governmental systems within and across
	nations.
Geographic	SS.9-12.WH.33. Create, interpret, and utilize maps that display and explain the geo-spatial patterns of cultural,
•	economic,
. ,	political, and environmental characteristics.
Human environment	SS.9-12.WH.34. Use demographic data to analyze various factors that shape human environment interactions,
interaction (G)	including but not
	limited to: the impacts of disease, technology, economy, scarcity of resources, and culture.
Human	SS.9-12.WH.35. Analyze how changes in the environment, technology, and cultural characteristics of a
population,	place or region influence patterns of settlement, trade, and land use.
movements, and	
patterns (G)	
Global	SS.9-12.WH.36. Evaluate how economic globalization and the scarcity of resources contribute to conflict and
interconnections	cooperation within
(G)	and among countries.
Exchange and	SS.9-12.WH.37. Compare different economic and labor systems within and across societies.
markets	SS.9-12.WH.38. Examine the ways in which trade, commerce, and industrialization impact individuals, groups,
\ /	and nations.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	SS.9-12.WH.39. Investigate the factors that influenced the evolution of economies and standards of living
(E)	across world, including
OL 1 1 (E)	but not limited to: investments in physical capital, worker education and training, and technology.
Global economy (E)	SS.9-12.WH.40. Explain how globalization has impacted economic growth, labor markets, rights of citizens, the
	environment,
	resources, and income distribution in different nations.

Optional Unit: Societies of Faith

*Teachers may begin the year with an overview of monotheistic world religions OR choose to integrate this content purposefully in other units throughout the year.

Time Frame: 1-2 Weeks

Essential Historical Question(s):

What are the similarities and differences between Judaism, Christianity, and Islam and how did these religions shape early world civilizations?

How have geographic, economic, and political factors impacted the development of religion?

Adopted Instructional Materials:

National Geographic World History: Voyages of Exploration

Chapter 1, Section 3.3 Judaism and Israelite Kingdoms

Chapter 6, Section 3.3 The Spread of Christianity

Chapter 8 The Early Byzantine Empire

Chapter 9 Arab Empires and Islamic Expansion

Chapter 10 Section 3 The Church and the Crusades

Supplemental Materials: DBQ Project MiniQ - Why did Islam Spread so Quickly?

NVACS-SS (Content Theme Standards)

Essential Standards

(H) SS.9-12.WH.16. Describe the factors that shape group, national, or individual identity including but not limited to: institutions, religion, language, social class, geography, culture, and society.

(H) SS.9-12.WH.20. Investigate the evolutions of belief systems, religions, philosophies, and ideologies across human societies.

Supporting Standards

(H) SS.9-12.WH.15, SS.9-12.WH.18, SS.9-12.WH.21

(MC) SS.9-12.WH.25, SS.9-12.WH.26, SS.9-12.WH.28

(C) SS.9-12.WH.29, SS.9-12.WH.31, SS.9-12.WH.32

(G) SS.9-12.WH.33, SS.9-12.WH.34

Disciplinary Skill Standard Learning Focus:

Construct a precise and knowledgeable claim (SS.9-12.WH.8).

Content Learning Intention:

Required Content:

Analyze the foundations of early monotheistic religions and the outcomes of interactions between different religious societies.

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Tr. S
 Foundations (Origins, Beliefs/Traditions, 	 Secular and Non-secular
Historical Impacts/Importance)	
o Judaism	
o Christianity	
o Islam	
Monotheism vs Polytheism	
Connections to Current Issues:	Connections to the Past:
 Uyghurs 	• Crusades
 Rohingya 	Rise of the Byzantine Empire

- Israeli-Palestinian Conflict
- Modern instances of Anti-Semitism
- Notre Dame Fire (2019) p. 284-285
- Fall of Rome
- Fall of Constantinople
- Inquisition

- a. Hagia Sophia (architecture) p. 228 in World History: Voyages of Exploration
- b. Five Pillars of Islam p.246-247 in World History: Voyages of Exploration

Suggested Unit Task:

TBD

Unit 2: Societies of Asia and Africa

Time Frame: 2 – 4 Weeks

Essential Historical Question(s):

How did resources and trade influence the rise and decline of early world societies in Asis and Africa? How did regional differences contribute to the development of unique cultural traditions and beliefs?

Adopted Instructional Materials:

National Geographic World History: Voyages of Exploration

Chapter 7 Societies in East and South Asia

Chapter 11 East Asia and Chinese Influences

Chapter 12 Section 1-2 The Mongols/China and Southeast Asia

Chapter 13 Achievements of African Societies

Chapter 16 Section 2 Empires in Asia

Supplemental Materials:

DBQ Project – The Mongols: How Barbaric were the "Barbarians"?

DBQ Project – Classical Greece and China: How Great Were the Differences?

DBQ Project MiniQ – Samurai and Knights: Were the similarities greater than the differences?

NVACS-SS (Content Theme Standards)

Essential Standards

SS.9-12.WH.20. Investigate the evolutions of belief systems, religions, philosophies, and ideologies across human societies.

SS.9-12.WH.26. Explore the positive and negative consequences of cultural interaction and diffusion when diverse groups interface across world history.

Supporting Standards

(H) SS.9-12.WH.15, SS.9-12.WH.18, SS.9-12.WH.21

(MC) SS.9-12.WH.25, SS.9-12.WH.26, SS.9-12.WH.28

(C) SS.9-12.WH.29, SS.9-12.WH.31, SS.9-12.WH.32

(G) SS.9-12.WH.33, SS.9-12.WH.34

Disciplinary Skill Standard Learning Focus:

Identify effective evidence from multiple sources (SS.9-12.WH.6).

Content Learning Intention:

Explain the positive and negative consequences of cultural interaction and diffusion in Asia and Africa.

Required Content:

- African Civilizations (Mali Empire, Kingdom of Ethiopia, Great Zimbabwe)
- Buddhism
- Hinduism
- Caste System
- Mughal Empire
- Cultural Diffusion
- Mongol Empire
- Ming Dynasty of China- Zheng He
- Silk Road* (content from 6th Grade)

- Shinto
- Confucianism
- Daoism
- Song Dynasty
- Yuan Dynasty (Mongol)
- Koryo Dynasty (Korea)
- Feudal Japan (samurai, shogun)
- Swahili
- Sub-Saharan
- Ottomans
- Taj Mahal

Connections to Current Issues:

- The importance of Salt, p.370-373
- Economic growth of India and China
- Population impacts
- Rohingya
- Tawain tensions over sovereignty
- North Korean tensions
- Preserving Cultural Heritage (The Tah Mahal), p. 460-463

Connections to the Past:

- Silk Road
- Early Chinese Dynasties
- Early African kingdoms
- Bantu

Required Primary and Secondary Sources:

a. The Travels, Ibn Battuta (p.366-367) in World History: Voyages of Exploration

Unit Task:

TBD

Unit 3: Age of Discovery

Time Frame: 2 – 4 Weeks

Essential Historical Question(s):

What political, economic, and societal conditions allowed the Renaissance and Reformation to flourish? How did ideological conflicts lead to change?

Adopted Instructional Materials:

National Geographic World History: Voyages of Exploration

Chapter 15 Renaissance and Reformation

Chapter 17 Age of Maritime Exploration

Chapter 18 Africans in the Atlantic World

Supplemental Materials:

DBQ Project MiniQ: Should We Celebrate the Voyages of Zheng He?

DBQ Project MiniQ: The Aztecs: Should Historians Emphasize Agriculture or Human Sacrifice?

DBQ Project MiniQ: April 27, 1521: Was Magellan Worth Defending?

DBQ Project MiniQ: How did the Renaissance Change Man's View of Man?

DBQ Project MiniQ: Exploration or Reformation: Which was the More Important Consequence of the

Printing Press?

DBQ Project: The Aztecs: What Should History Say?

DBQ Project: What was the Most Important Consequence of the Printing Press?

DBQ Project: What Drove the Sugar Trade?

NVACS-SS (Content Theme Standards)

Essential Standards

(H) SS.9-12.WH.17. Interpret historical events from a variety of historical and cultural perspectives including, but not limited to: capitalists vs. laborers, imperialists vs. indigenous groups, positions of power, class, race, ethnicity, gender.

(H) SS.9-12.WH.19. Analyze the impact of artistic, architectural, scientific, and technological developments on events, peoples, and cultures around the world.

Supporting Standards

(H) SS.9-12.WH.15, SS.9-12.WH.18, SS.9-12.WH.21

(MC) SS.9-12.WH.25, SS.9-12.WH.26, SS.9-12.WH.28

(C) SS.9-12.WH.29, SS.9-12.WH.31, SS.9-12.WH.32

(G) SS.9-12.WH.33, SS.9-12.WH.34

Disciplinary Skill Standard Learning Focus:

Gather relevant information from multiple sources representing a wide range of views (SS.9-12.WH.3).

Content Learning Intention:

Investigate the impacts of the Renaissance and reformation on the development of European societies.

Evaluate the impact of European exploration on Africa, Asia, and Europe.

Required Content:

- Renaissance: Cultural Rebirth
- Renaissance Art (DaVinci, Michelangelo, Rafael, etc.)
- Humanism (Machiavelli, More, Fedele)

- Medici Family
- The Prince, Machiavelli
- Calvinism
- The Habsburgs

- Reformation: Emergence of Protestantism
- Indulgences •
- **Printing Press**
- Martin Luther •
- Split of England from Catholic Church
- European Exploration (Gold, God, & Glory)
- Columbian Exchange •
- Conquistadores (Cortes, Pizzaro) and European
- Trans-Atlantic slave trade and resistance

- Catholic Reformation
- Henry VIII
- William Shakespeare
- Explorers (Columbus, da Gama,
- **Dutch East India Company**
- Bartolme de Las Casas
- Songhai Empire

Connections to Current Issues:

- Malaria's impact on Americas and Africa p.487
- Human Trafficking (Trans-Atlantic Slave Trade)
- Modern artistic contributions/movementsincluding AI art (Renaissance)
- Math Against Malaria, p. 486-487
- Preserving Timbuktu, p. 516-517
- Sugar: A Global Commodity, p. 522-525

Connections to the Past:

- Middle Ages
- The Black Plague
- Aztec Empire structure
- Incan Empire structure

Essential Primary and Secondary Sources:

- a. The School of Athens (painting by Rafael, p. 426-427 in World History: Voyages of Exploration)
- b. 95 Theses, Martin Luther
- c. Olaudah Equiano (autobiography, p. 518 519 in World History: Voyages of Exploration)

Unit 4: New Ideas and Revolutions

Time Frame: 2 – 4 Weeks

Essential Historical Question(s):

How did new technologies and ideas lead to discoveries and change that transformed western civilizations?

Adopted Instructional Materials:

National Geographic World History: Voyages of Exploration

Chapter 19 Europe in the Age of Scientific Revolution

Chapter 20 European Enlightenment

Chapter 21 Political Revolution

Supporting Materials:

DBQ Project: Is the Reign of Terror Justified?

DBQ Project: Latin American Independence: Why did the Creoles led the fight?

DBQ Project: Enlightenment Philosophers: What was their main ideas?

DBQ Project: Toussaint: How should he be remembered?

NVACS-SS (Content Theme Standards)

Essential Standards

(H) SS.9-12.WH.18.Analyze the influence of social, political, and economic developments on maintaining and transforming roles and social status for various groups

(MC) SS.9-12.WH.24. Examine the impact of individuals and reform movements in the fight for greater civil rights and liberties across the world.

Supporting Standards

(H) SS.9-12.WH.15, SS.9-12.WH.18, SS.9-12.WH.21

(MC) SS.9-12.WH.25, SS.9-12.WH.26, SS.9-12.WH.28

(C) SS.9-12.WH.29, SS.9-12.WH.31, SS.9-12.WH.32

(G) SS.9-12.WH.33, SS.9-12.WH.34

Disciplinary Skill Standard Learning Focus:

Generate and answer supporting questions (SS.9-12.WH.2).

Content Learning Intention:

Analyze the distribution and use of power (social, economic, and political), and its results, through various revolutions.

Required Content:

- Absolutism (Elizabeth I, Louis XIV)
- Scientific Revolution
- Copernicus (Heliocentric theory)
- Galileo
- Enlightenment (Concepts & Thinkers)
- Natural Rights
- Social Contract
- Constitutionalism
- Three Estates (French class system)
- Louis XVI & Marie Antoinette
- Declaration of Rights of Man and of the Citizen
- French Revolution

- Thirty Years' War
- American Revolution
- The Glorious Revolution (English Civil War)
- Innovators: Vesalius, Kepler, Boyle, Newton
- John Locke
- Thomas Hobbes
- Adam Smith laissez-faire
- Robespierre
- Guillotine
- Napoleonic Code

 Reign of Terror Napoleon Haitian Revolution Latin American Revolutions 	Napoleonic WarsRomanticismSimon Bolivar
Connections to Current Issues:	Connections to the Past: • Early democratic processes/institutions (ancient Greece)

- a. Enlightenment Thinker Analysis (Montesquieu, Voltaire, Rousseau, Wollstonecraft, p. 571 in *World History: Voyages of Exploration*)
- b. 3 Classes of French Society (political cartoon, p. 584 in World History: Voyages of Exploration)
- c. Declaration of Rights of Man and Citizen
- d. David Leonardo Mural (analysis of Father Miguel Hidalgo y Costilla, p. 602 in *World History: Voyages of Exploration*)

Unit 5: Industrialization and Imperialism

Time Frame: 2 – 4 Weeks

Essential Historical Question(s):

What were the catalysts of the Industrial Revolution and how did it transform the western world?

What were the motivating factors of European Imperialism and what lasting impacts did it have throughout the world?

Adopted Instructional Materials:

National Geographic World History: Voyages of Exploration

Chapter 22.1-2 Industrial Revolution

Chapter 24.1 Dividing and Dominating

*Supporting content Ch. 22.3, Ch. 23.2

Supporting Materials:

DBQ Project: Female workers in Japanese Silk Factories: Did the Costs outweigh the benefits?

DBQ Project: What Was the Driving Force Behind European Imperialism in Africa?

NVACS-SS (Content Theme Standards)

Essential Standards

(H) SS.9-12.WH.17. Describe the factors that shape group, national, or individual identity including, but not limited to: institutions, religion, language, social class, geography, culture, and society

(MC) SS.9-12.WH.27.Explore the positive and negative consequences of cultural interaction and diffusion when diverse groups interface across world history.

(E) SS.9-12.WH.38. Examine the ways in which trade, commerce, and industrialization have impacted individuals, groups, and nations.

Supporting Standards

(H) SS.9-12.WH.15, SS.9-12.WH.18, SS.9-12.WH.21

(MC) SS.9-12.WH.25, SS.9-12.WH.26, SS.9-12.WH.28

(C) SS.9-12.WH.29, SS.9-12.WH.31, SS.9-12.WH.32

(G) SS.9-12.WH.33, SS.9-12.WH.34

Disciplinary Skill Standard Learning Focus:

Participate in rigorous academic discussions emphasizing multiple viewpoints (SS.9-12.WH.10).

Content Learning Intention:

Examine how industrialization and nationalism led to imperialism and expansion and explore the impacts on societies throughout the world.

Required Content:

- Industrial Revolution
- Urbanization
- Workers Movements
- Economic systems/theories (capitalism, socialism, communism/Marxism)
- Nationalism
- Unification of Italy and Germany
- Scramble for Africa
- White Man's Burden

- Class systems (bourgeoisie, proletariat)
- Crimean War
- Markets and investments
- Abolition movements
- Suffrage
- Types of imperialism (direct, indirect, sphere of influence, economic, protectorate)

Social Darwinism Connections to Current Issues:	 Opium Wars Japanese imperialism Meiji Restoration
Berlin Conference	Boxer Rebellion

Connections to Current Issues:

- The Digital Revolution
- Modern exploitation of Africa (Neo-Colonialism)
- Sudanese Civil War
- Water and resource scarcity
- Hong Kong (2020 curtailment of political freedoms)
- Pollution/Recycling (p. 688 Plastics)
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Connections to the Past

- The Iron Age (impact of technological advances)
- Early African civilizations
- Adam Smith, The Wealth of Nations
- U.S. Industrial Revolution (Railroads, Steel – 7th Grade U.S. Early History content)

Required Primary and Secondary Sources:

- a. The White Man's Burden by Rudyard Kipling
- b. Rhodes Colossus Political Cartoon (depiction of Cecil Rhodes p. 675) in *World History: Voyages of Exploration*

Unit 6: Early 20th Century Conflicts

Time Frame: 2 – 4 Weeks

Essential Historical Question(s):

How did WWI change the balance of power in Europe, affect people's attitudes towards other nations, and shape their perceptions of government and conflict resolution?

Adopted Instructional Materials:

National Geographic *World History: Voyages of Exploration*Chapter 25 The First World War and 20th Century Revolutions

Supporting Materials:

DBQ Project: What were the Underlying Causes of WWI?

NVACS-SS (Content Theme Standards)

Essential Standards

(H) SS.9-12.WH.21. Describe the attitudes toward and effects of major wars and conflicts across the world.

(H) SS.9-12.WH.22. Evaluate the use of conflict and/or diplomacy in regional and/or international relations.

Supporting Standards

(H) SS.9-12.WH.15, SS.9-12.WH.18, SS.9-12.WH.21

(MC) SS.9-12.WH.25, SS.9-12.WH.26, SS.9-12.WH.28

(C) SS.9-12.WH.29, SS.9-12.WH.31, SS.9-12.WH.32

(G) SS.9-12.WH.33, SS.9-12.WH.34

Disciplinary Skill Standard Learning Focus:

Construct arguments using precise and knowledgeable claims, with evidence from multiple sources, while acknowledging counterclaims (SS.9-12.WH.8 - focus on claims, evidence, reasoning, counterclaims).

Content Learning Outcomes:

Describe and evaluate the factors that contributed to and resulted from WWI and growing nationalism.

Required Content:

- Main causes of WWI (Militarism, Alliances, Nationalism, Imperialism, Assassination)
- Total War
- Trench Warfare
- New weapons technology
- Impact of Propaganda
- Treaty of Versailles
- League of Nations
- Chinese Revolution- 1911
- Russian Revolution
- Mexican Revolution
- •

Connections to Current Issues:

- Advanced weaponry: drones, nuclear, biological
- Taiwan independence
- Hong Kong (1997 and 2020)
- Russia today (Putin)

Supporting Content:

- Self-determination
- Redistribution of land and/or wealth following Revolutions
- Armenian Genocide
- Influenza pandemic (1918-1920)

Connections to the Past:

- European imperialism
- Technological advances of Industrial Revolution

- Russian invasion of Ukraine
- Mexico today

- a. "Who is a militarist?" (German WWI propaganda poster, p.699 in World History: Voyages of Exploration)
- b. Treaty of Versailles (essential excerpts only)
- c. In Flanders Fields (poem by John McCrae)

Unit 7: WWII

Time Frame: 2 – 4 Weeks

Essential Historical Question(s):

How did WWII alter the political, economic, and social foundations of societies throughout the world?

Adopted Instructional Materials:

National Geographic World History: Voyages of Exploration

Chapter 26.1.3 The Twenties: The Great Depression

Chapter 26.2 Dictatorships

Chapter 26.4 The Road to War

Chapter 27 The Second World War

Supporting Materials:

DBQ Project: How did the Treaty of Versailles help cause WWII?

NVACS-SS (Content Theme Standards)

Essential Standards

(H) SS.9-12.WH.21. Describe the attitudes toward and effects of major wars and conflicts across the world.

(H) SS.9-12.WH.22. Evaluate the use of conflict and/or diplomacy in regional and/or international relations.

Supporting Standards

(H) SS.9-12.WH.15, SS.9-12.WH.18, SS.9-12.WH.21

(MC) SS.9-12.WH.25, SS.9-12.WH.26, SS.9-12.WH.28

(C) SS.9-12.WH.29, SS.9-12.WH.31, SS.9-12.WH.32

(G) SS.9-12.WH.33, SS.9-12.WH.34

Disciplinary Skill Standard Learning Focus:

Russian Invasion of Ukraine

Modern Anti-Semitism

Participate in rigorous academic discussions emphasizing multiple viewpoints in which claims, and evidence are acknowledged, critiqued, and built upon to create new understandings of complex historical issues (SS.9-12.WH.10).

Content Learning Intentions:

Evaluate the political, economic, and social causes and impacts of WWII.

Examine how the events of WWII shaped international relations and globalization.

Required Content: Supporting Content: Weimar Republic & Global Depression Impact of the Treaty of Versailles Totalitarianism, Fascism (including Stalin, Hitler, Reparations from WWI Mussolini) • Imperialism • Appeasement • Potsdam Conference • Non-aggression pact • Atomic Bomb • Anti-Semitism Spanish Civil War Holocaust • Rape of Nanking • Japanese Empire/Imperialism United Nations • Nuremburg Trials **Connections to Modern Day: Connections to the Past:**

• Impacts/Legacy of WWI

- Modern genocides
- Nuclear Proliferation (Iran, North Korea)

- a. "Long Live Stalin!" (USSR propaganda poster, p. 746 in World History: Voyages of Exploration)
- b. We Shall Fight on the Beaches (speech by Winston Churchill, partial excerpt on p. 767, in *World History: Voyages of Exploration*)
- c. Holocaust Images Images may vary but should be task and grade-level appropriate and reviewed by teacher. (E.g. Elie Wiesel p. 782, Warsaw Ghetto p. 783, Preserving Cultural Heritage p. 785, Shoes p. 787 in *World History: Voyages of Exploration*)

Unit 8: A Changing Globe

Time Frame: 2 – 4 Weeks

Essential Historical Question(s):

How did significant geopolitical events reshape the political and social structure of the globe?

How does war and the use of conflict to resolve international disputes impact diplomacy and resolution?

Adopted Instructional Materials:

National Geographic World History: Voyages of Exploration

Chapter 26.3 Nationalism and Colonial Resistance (Ghandi)

Chapter 28 Cold War and Global Upheavals

Chapter 29 Conflicts and Transformation

Supporting Materials:

DBQ Project: What made Gandhi's nonviolent movement work? DBQ Project: Soviet Union - What should textbooks emphasize?

NVACS-SS (Content Theme Standards)

Essential Standards

(MC) SS.9-12.WH.23. Analyze the complex relationship between dominant cultures and minority groups throughout world history including, but not limited to: causes (race, ethnicity, gender, nationality, class and/or religion etc.), reactions, and long-term effects of oppression.

(C) SS.9-12.WH.32. Compare the evolution of different political and governmental systems within and across nations throughout world history.

Supporting Standards

(H) SS.9-12.WH.15, SS.9-12.WH.18, SS.9-12.WH.21

(MC) SS.9-12.WH.25, SS.9-12.WH.26, SS.9-12.WH.28

(C) SS.9-12.WH.29, SS.9-12.WH.31, SS.9-12.WH.32

(G) SS.9-12.WH.33, SS.9-12.WH.34

Disciplinary Skill Standard Learning Focus:

Present adaptations of arguments and explanations that feature complex ideas and diverse perspectives on issues and topics to reach a range of audiences within and outside the classroom, using print, oral, and/or digital technologies (SS.9-12.WH.9).

Content Learning Intentions:

Investigate the impacts of decolonization processes on developing nations and international relations.

Explore the impacts of the Cold War and US/Soviet relations and competition.

Required Content:

- UN Declaration of Human Rights
- Global Impact of the Cold War
- Iron Curtain
- NATO
- Chinese Revolution
- Iranian Revolution-1979
- Soviet invasion of Afghanistan
- Indian Independence & Ghandi
- Pakistan/India partition

- Yalta Conference
- Soviet Bloc/Satellite nations
- Proxy Wars (Angola, Cuba, Chile, Nicaragua, Congo)
- Neocolonialism
- Decolonization in Africa & Asia
- Suez Crisis
- Khmer Rouge/Cambodia
- Shah Coup

 Creation of Israel and Palestine and the PLO Fall of Communism (Berlin Wall, USSR transition) Tiananmen Square Apartheid & Nelson Mandela Globalization 	 Northern Ireland Yugoslavia & Genocide Tibet
 Connections to Current Issues: Current Day Israel-Palestine (Israel-Hamas War, 2023) Russian Invasion of Ukraine/Putin Iran (human rights and political issues) 	 Connections to the Past: Geography and early societies of Middle East Russian Revolution & emergence of communism

Essential Primary and Secondary Sources:

- a. Iron Curtain Speech, Winston Churchill in 1946 (p. 800 in World History: Voyages of Exploration)
- b. 1947-1967 Arab-Israeli Conflicts Map (p. 854 in World History: Voyages of Exploration)
- c. UN Universal Declaration of Human Rights (p. 858 in World History: Voyages of Exploration)
- d. Nelson Mandela's Address to Rally in Cape Town on His Release from Prison" in 1990 (p. 846 in *World History: Voyages of Exploration*)

Unit 9: Modern Global Issues (1990's to present)

Time Frame: 2 – 4 Weeks

Essential Historical Question(s):

What benefits and challenges have developed because of the varied perspectives, contributions, and challenges created by diverse global societies?

Adopted Instructional Materials:

National Geographic World History: Voyages of Exploration

Chapter 30 A Global 21st Century

NVACS-SS (Content Theme Standards)

Essential Standards

(H) SS.9-12.WH.14. Examine occurrences of and reactions to oppression, human rights violations, and genocide across world history.

(C) SS.9-12.WH.30. Explain the historical background of a current global issue and propose a course of action to solve it.

Supporting Standards

(H) SS.9-12.WH.15, SS.9-12.WH.18, SS.9-12.WH.21

(MC) SS.9-12.WH.25, SS.9-12.WH.26, SS.9-12.WH.28

(C) SS.9-12.WH.29, SS.9-12.WH.31, SS.9-12.WH.32

(G) SS.9-12.WH.33, SS.9-12.WH.34

Disciplinary Skill Standard Learning Focus:

Use disciplinary and interdisciplinary lenses to understand the characteristics and causes of contemporary issues at the local, regional, and global level (SS.9-12.WH.11).

Content Learning Intention:

Examine modern global issues and develop real world solutions.

Required Content:

- Arab Spring
- Global Economy/Impacts of Globalization
- Terrorism & Terrorist Groups (eg. Taliban, Al Oaeda, Boko Haram, Hizballah.)
- Modern Genocides (eg. Rwanda, Sudan, etc.)
- Energy and Climate Change
- Nuclear buildup/disarmament
- Human rights violations (varied)

Supporting Content:

- UN Sustainable Goals
- Modern International Agreements
- Brexit
- Great Recession
- Fast Fashion
- Pollution
- Food Security
- European Union
- Population Growth
- Urbanization
- Global Health
- Gender Rights

Connections to the Past:

- Fall of Communism
- Colonialism and Imperialism
- Early 20th Century Genocides

Essential Primary and Secondary Sources:

- a. Document Analysis: Income Inequality by Country (p. 890-891 in *World History: Voyages of Exploration*)
- b. Malala Yousafzai Speech to the United Nations on July 12, 2013 ("Education First")